PINELLAS COUNTY SCHOOLS

BRIDGING THE GAP

2023-24 PLAN QUARTER 1 UPDATE







Bridging the Gap Plan Overview

Bridging the Gap (BTG) is a Pinellas County Schools (PCS) initiative designed by the district to close or greatly narrow educational achievement gaps between Black students and their non-Black peers by the year 2027. With broad community input gathered during the plan's initial development in fall 2016, the BTG Plan outlines educational equity gaps across six goal areas:

Goal 1: Graduation RateGoal 4: Student DisciplineGoal 2: Student AchievementGoal 5: ESE IdentificationGoal 3: Advanced CourseworkGoal 6: Minority Hiring

The overarching goal of BTG is to provide pathways to improve the educational outcomes of Black students, particularly regarding equitable performance on standardized assessments, improved graduation rates, participation in advanced level coursework, reductions in disproportionate disciplinary consequences and overrepresentation in Exceptional Student Education (specifically- Emotional/Behavioral Disability). Additionally, the district has prioritized increased teacher diversity to recruit and retain teachers of color.

The key findings presented in this report represent a summary of the implementation efforts for the six goals stated above. The ongoing evaluation of the BTG plan is designed to accomplish the following: (1) identify the extent to which PCS has developed structures and systems to support educational equity and meet stated goals; (2) highlight the successes of the BTG initiative, to date; (3) identify areas for refinement or improvement; and (4) establish a set of best-practice recommendations for improving the plan moving forward. The findings within this report are part of a multi-year evaluation of the BTG Plan which supports annual improvements to the plan and district leadership.

Bridging the Gap Oversight and Monitoring

The Bridging the Gap (BTG) plan is a systemic initiative and large-scale effort to improve persistent inequitable educational outcomes for Black students in Pinellas County Schools. To ensure alignment of the goals and desired outcomes, the district developed consistent methods and measures. Each year the BTG plan is refined to update strategies and actions aligned to current progress with quarterly updates communicated to the community. The Pinellas County School Board (Board) and district remain committed to the BTG plan, evident in the explicit inclusion of the plan each year within the Board approved <u>District Strategic Plan</u>. To ensure continuous improvement and attention to implementation, each goal within the BTG plan has a goal manager who works cross-functionally to develop, implement, and monitor the strategic actions plans. Goal managers meet regularly with Executive Leadership, including the Superintendent, Deputy Superintendent and Minority Achievement Officer, regarding progress and any barriers that need support.

The district has made progress particularly in the development and implementation of districtwide professional development opportunities and improving early warning systems. Within each BTG Goal, most action steps have focused on training for teachers and leaders, improved data monitoring and identifying and tracking of students who are at-risk. There is evidence of systems-change in each of these key areas as the district has built data systems that track and measure the progress of students in meeting graduation requirements and matching students to advanced courses. Additionally, the district has invested in partnerships with national experts in equitable practices, developed staff to become local trainers and developed a robust set of training options.

Data outcomes measured within the plan have demonstrated some improvement, though the COVID-19 pandemic impacted progress during the 2019-20, 2020-21 and 2021-22 school years. As a district committed to continuous improvement, Pinellas County Schools recognizes there is still work to be done and is dedicated to ensuring the goals within the BTG plan are met or exceeded. Some goals within the BTG plan have demonstrated greater success in terms



of student outcomes than others and the district will continue to refine and adapt the strategies and actions to align with current capacity and promote long-term systems-change and sustainability over time.

BTG 2023-24

The Bridging the Gap Plan outlines the district 10-year goals, annual benchmarks and strategies set for each goal area. While progress is expected each year, it should be noted that the gaps are not likely to decrease equally every year. The district may find that some gaps decrease quickly while others remain stable (or widen) until the plan's actions work in unison to bring about the systemic change needed to impact all gaps.

As the district is entering the seventh year of implementation, a review of strategies took place in the summer/fall of 2023. The updated plan reflects new and enhanced in-process measures and actions to deepen implementation and increase impact for student outcomes. The plan was also updated to reflect current assessment and instructional standards. Strategies and actions that have been previously completed or become district ways of work remain documented within the plan but are noted as *previous action steps and current ways of work* to acknowledge the work that has been accomplished and continues to be supported.

Quarter 1 Highlights

Within the charts in this update, each action step (across all goals) includes progress metrics and updates aligned to the reporting frequency denoted in the 2023-2024 plan. Action steps with reporting frequencies in are noted within the update column to ensure transparency on when updates will occur.

Throughout the first semester of the 2023-24 school year, a focus on the strategies and actions within the Bridging the Gap plan continued. School and district staff continued the work to accelerate learning and focus their work to ensure that students' needs continue to be known and met.

The highlights below depict just some of the many actions/strategies occurring this school year and demonstrate the commitment of and progress toward increased outcomes for Black students in Pinellas County Schools.

Goal 1: Graduation Rate

- All high schools have successfully started leveraging the new Classic Learning Test (CLT) with 11th and 12th graders who need support to pass an English or mathematics college entrance exam for graduation and for qualifying for the Bright Futures scholarship. We have developed and implemented a strong system of preparation students for success on this exam and with the assistance of our Assessment and Accountability department schools are fully prepared to handle the administration of this exam as well.
- Literacy Tutoring has begun at 5 of the 7 targeted schools. Of the 2 that remain, one schools still seeks to hire 1-2 Part-Time Hourly teachers to engage in this work, and the other just secured an agreement from one of their English teachers to become the literacy tutor.
- The Algebra Tutoring plan will be modified so that the tutoring of algebra students in all algebra classrooms will begin semester 2 and will leverage 11th and 12th grade students who are talented in mathematics and will earn volunteer hours mentoring their younger peers in our algebra classrooms. Those students will be trained as peer mentors by our HS Mathematics Specialist.
- ALL High School ENG 1 and ENG 2 Teachers have been trained in the use of THINK CERCA.
- Executive Director, HS Education has evidence of implementation through classroom visits at ALL schools.
- High School English Specialist developed a system for data collection with AAR re: performance of Non-Black and BLACK students on Think Cerca Goal.



- All high schools will be holding parent information nights to explain graduation requirements and are reporting
 the dates for those events and the number of black/non-black students represented at their events through a
 shared reporting system with the Executive Director, HS Education.
- 8 High Schools will begin the "Leader in Me" student leadership program during semester 2 of this school year. (Gibbs, Clearwater, Hollins, Lakewood, Northeast, Pinellas Park, St. Petersburg)
- 1 High School has begun the Carnegie Student Leadership program during semester 1 of this year. (Boca Ciega High)

Goal 2: Student Achievement

- The Teaching and Learning Division has partnered with the Professional Development Department to clarify the outcomes and expectations across the equitable outcomes training. That team is also reviewing the key strategies in meeting this action step. More than 60 teachers and district staff met in Quarter 1 to brainstorm and narrow the work to a few high-yield, responsive strategies that impact outcomes.
- The Pinellas Early Literacy Initiative (PELI) has been expanded to 18 schools this year, with a continued focus on schools with high minority enrollments and larger achievement gaps. The promising results from this program have impacted early grade proficiency and is leading to improved black achievement by 3rd grade.
- A new middle school acceleration / enrichment model is being piloted in two district schools, Dunedin Middle School and Bay Point Middle School. Planning and initial implementation are underway for a second semester rollout. Students and families will receive specific support focused on accelerating achievement for identified talented black learners in those schools.
- The one-to-one RAP tutoring program continues as designed after showing promising results from last school year. As of Quarter 1, PCS has 88 tutors trained and in place across 54 elementary schools.

Goal 3: Rigorous Coursework

- 65 teachers received PD around their Talent Development Program which included identification, curriculum and high-leverage strategies.
- The gifted micro-credential program continues to be offered to PCS educators to provide working knowledge of gifted learners and their unique needs as well as strategies that push all students.
- PCS continues to use alternative eligibility criteria for gifted identification.
- The school day SAT was provided free of cost for the first time to all seniors.
- The PSAT/NMSQT was provided free of cost to all 9th through 11th grade students for the first time.

Goal 4: Student Discipline

- PCS hosted our first annual Climate and Behavior Institute in July 2023 with over 400 participants from school level teams. Sessions for school leaders, instructional staff, student service teams, and school teams were well received and assisted school teams with further developing their Positive Behavior Instructional Support (PBIS) plans for 23-24.
- The streamlined request for student and/or staff support app has been deployed and is working to increase our efficiency in providing timely support, interventions, and problem solving for schools.
- Our community discussion group decided to focus our collective efforts on increasing community engagement in the sessions, increasing adult volunteers/mentors in our schools, and increasing access to community support services for our families in need.



• The release of the new PCS common discipline referral has been a success and some schools are piloting the process of using electronic (paperless) referrals in FOCUS.

Goal 5: ESE Eligibility

- All School-Based Behavior Specialists received 2 days (3 for new Behavior Specialists) training during Pre-School
 in a conference format to provide choice in their learning, while also ensuring a focus on areas determined by
 data from School Support Requests and needs assessment. Some of the topics of the sessions were: Supporting
 Early Learners, Building Rapport and Soft Skills as a Coach, and Promoting Generalization and Maintenance (of
 behaviors).
- At the beginning of year Behavior Specialist PD focused on Restorative Practices, Specially Designed Instruction and School Climate Transformation Grant.
- School Support Requests are being tracked and data used to determine needs for additional coaching and mentoring of school staff.
- Reviews of eligibilities for incoming students are occurring and reevaluations opened where appropriate.
- The Climate and Behavior and ESE teams are collaborating to ensure that schools have what is needed to support all tiers of behavior.

Goal 6: Minority Hiring

- Talent Acquisition and Recruitment continues to demonstrate commitment to BTG Goal 6 with intentional recruitment strategies. Working directly with our education partners, PABSE and the University of South Florida, we continue to provide pathways to engage students about the education profession and provide opportunities to learn more about our district and leadership pathways.
- During our summer and early fall seasons we review staffing needs and provide additional support to applicants.
 This includes our meet the recruiter sessions, onboarding activities and community events. In preparation for recruitment season, recruitment events at our local colleges and our HCBU's have been scheduled for the fall and spring.
- Through our PCS leadership pipeline and our Black Future Leaders, coaches have been provided for our new leaders and, leadership works with schools to identify black teachers and provide invites for these events.
- One of our goals in Goal 6 is to close the GAP between the number of Black teachers and the district's Black
 Student population. As of mid-November, 11% of those newly hired are Black Instructional staff. Our
 Professional Development team provides opportunities such as Embrace Pinellas, monthly training and school
 and district mentoring. Black teachers new to education are provided information and resources to work
 towards professional teaching certificate through our Transition to Teaching Program. (TTT).



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Goal 1: Graduation Rate- Eliminate the gap between the graduation rates for Black and non-Black students.

Goal Manager: Rita Vasquez, Executive Director, High School Education

Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16): Pinellas County Schools has a graduation rate for all students of 80.1% and a rate for Black students of 65.5%. The district has seen a 10.9 percentage point increase in graduation rate among Black students since 2012, with an improvement among all students of 8.1 percentage points. A gap in graduation rates still exists between Black (65.5%) and non-Black (83.4%) students, a gap of 17.9 percentage points.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County will increase the graduation rates for Black learners each year at a higher rate than the non-Black graduation rate. The goal is to decrease the gap in graduation rates between Black and non-Black students by an average of 1.8 percentage points each year until the gap is eliminated or greatly narrowed.

Annual and Related Outcome Measures

Goal 1: Annual Outcome Measures		Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Graduation Rate: # and % of	Dlask	65.5%	Actual	69.3%	76.2%	81.3%	85.5%	86.3%	78.5%	75.6 %*
Black students who graduated on time with a standard, high	Black	(932)	Target	67.3%	69.1%	70.9%	72.7%	74.5%	76.3%	78.1%
school diploma / four-year senior cohort.	Non- Black	83.4%	Actual	85.8%	88.1%	90.0%	92.7%	93.1%	90.1%	89.3%*
	GAP	17.9	Actual	16.5	11.9	8.7	7.2	6.8	11.64%	13.63%*

Related Outcomes Measures (Data below include all high school sites)	Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black students in high school (grades 9-11) with a 2.0 or above GPA.	70.0%	Actual	70.0%	69.4%	76.6%	68.9%	66.0 %	57.7%	76.2%
# and % of Black students in high school (grades 9-11) with Algebra 1 credit / passing score on state Algebra 1 EOC.	No Baseline Data Established	Actual	60.0%	65.3%	45.8%	Data not available	32.88%	33.6%	41%

Related Outcomes Measures (Data below include all high school sites)	Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black students in high school (grades 9-11) with required credits earned to date.	No Baseline Data Established	Actual	81.6%	81.0%	77.1%	79.7%	72.4%	71.2%	68.7%
# and % of Black students in high school (grades 9-10) with Level 3 or above on state ELA assessment (FSA ELA).	(530) 21.8%	Actual	22.0%	24.0%	24.6%	Data not available	23.1%	21.9%	22.5%
# and % of Black students who graduated with a standard diploma via a concordant assessment score (WFT).	(242) 26.0%	Actual	(371) 39.8%	(448) 42.9%	(471) 44.1%	(434) 41.0%	(401) 36.9%	(471) 47.2%	(426) 44.3%*
# and % of Black students who graduated with standard diploma via an ESE assessment waiver (WFW or WRW).	(98) 10.5%	Actual	(100) 10.7%	(78) 7.5%	(53) 5.0%	(58) 5.5%	(57) 5.2%	(67) 6.7%	(73) 7.6%*

^{*} The graduation rates for 2022-23 are not final and have not been released by the state. The percentage provided here is an internal estimate only and is provided for BTG planning purposes. The data should be viewed only as an approximation of the final totals. Final graduation rates are expected to be released by the state in December 2023 or early January 2024.

Goal 1: Key Action Steps

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	1.1) Train all English 1 and English 2 teachers to leverage the Tier 1 Core Intervention Program, Think Cerca, in order to support the closing of thinking, reading, and writing (literacy) skills gaps for students in 9th and 10th grade.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# and % of students (BNB) that score proficient on the mid-year writing formative. # and % of 9th and 10th grade students (BNB) that score proficient on the FAST PM2 reading assessment.	Increase in percent of 9th and 10th grade students (BNB) scoring proficient on FAST PM3 reading as compared to 2022-23 PM3 reading.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	1.2) Allocate funds for paid 7th period to two highly qualified English teachers per school at seven (7) high schools, to provide small group instruction and individual tutoring to Black students who scored L1 or L2 on FAST PM3 during the 2022-23 school year. Each teacher is expected to provide differentiated literacy tutoring support to 20-30 students each semester.	□Planning 図Implementing	# and % Black students engaged in an intervention by grade level and per teacher	# and % of Black students receiving ELA supports at the identified high schools meeting graduation readiness standards per grade level expectations by scoring level 3 or above on PM3.	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ☑End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	1.3) Recruit, hire and assign three (3) Algebra tutors, from local colleges and universities to the following high schools: Boca Ciega, Gibbs, Lakewood. These tutors will provide tutoring support in Algebra classrooms to Black students who scored L1 or L2 on the FAST ALG EOCs to close mathematics skills gaps within core instruction.	□Planning ☑Implementing	# and % of Black L1/L2 (FAST Algebra 1 EOC prior year) students, at each grade level, receiving math tutoring at the identified schools.	# and % of Black students receiving math tutoring at the identified high schools meeting graduation readiness standards per grade level expectations by scoring level 3 or above on FAST Algebra 1 EOC.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Extended Learning	1.4) Ensure that all Black students who are not on track to graduate are invited to	□Planning 図Implementing	# and % of Black students NOT on track	# and % of 'not on track' Black students	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
	participate in-school, extended learning opportunities before and after school and in extended year (Summer Bridge) with 80% enrolling or participating. Implement monitoring and reporting system for enrollment and success in earning credit.		enrolled in in-school credit recovery programs # and % of Black students NOT on track enrolled in previous summer credit recovery programs	enrolled in credit recovery/summer bridge who earned credit # and % of 'not on track' Black students enrolled in credit recovery/summer credit recovery programs meeting graduation readiness standards per grade level expectations	⊠End-of-Year
Extended Learning	1.5) Develop the hybrid education program and supports within Pinellas Gulf Coast Academy for students in danger of not completing high school due to an inability to attend school in-person due to difficult life circumstances (e.g., students who need to work full-time to help support their families both financially and medically).	⊠Planning ⊠Implementing	# of Black students enrolled in program	# of Black students completing courses for graduation requirements within the program.	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ☑End-of-Year
Family and Community Engagement	1.6) Provide all high schools with parent presentation materials about state graduation requirements and the school-level supports available to students who are not yet on-track to graduate. Require all high schools to conduct at least one parent meeting providing the information and student-specific graduation checks for all of their junior and senior parents. The district will provide the materials and train school personnel as needed.	□Planning ☑Implementing	# of events hosted per school	# of participants and views (if virtual/recorded event)	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Family and Community Engagement	1.7) Fund the implementation of the research-based student leadership/peer mentoring program "The Leader in Me" from the Franklin Covey Group at the following schools: Clearwater, Gibbs, Hollins, Largo, Lakewood, Northeast, Pinellas Park and St. Petersburg.	⊠Planning ⊠Implementing	# of schools that plan during semester 1 to successfully start implementation during semester 2 # of school staff trained in the system during semester 1 to prepare for a semester 2 start	# of students who are trained as student leaders/peer mentors by end-of-semester 2, per school # of students who are mentored by the Leader in Me student mentors during semester 2, per school (by end-of-semester 2)	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Extended Learning	1.8) Ensure all Black students participate in college readiness testing such as ACT or SAT. Ensure that these testing options are aligned with personalized learning plans for Black students not on track to graduate.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work	# and % of Black students who participate in ACT assessment. # and % of Black students who participate in SAT assessments.	% of Black students not on track for graduation (in current graduating class) due to assessment requirements who participate in ACT/SAT.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year

Goal 1: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work

As the BTG plan progresses, action steps are completed or become ways of work within Pinellas County Schools. In order to accurately and historically document strategies and actions of the district, actions in previous years of the BTG plan will continue to be included and, in some cases, reported on.

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	1.9) Provide an instructional model that ensures rigorous, culturally relevant instruction for all students using assignments aligned to challenging state standards, engagement strategies and student-centered practices. Note: This action denotes PCS action step for all students, not specific action for Black students.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	1.10) Provide each high school the specific standards from district assessments in English, Mathematics, Biology and U.S. History by race to support schools in identifying course concepts / standards that need to be re-taught to improve student mastery and reduce the likelihood of course failures.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	1.11) Develop training materials for teachers and school leaders in support of standards-based grading and in support of equitable grading practices. These materials are for use by school leaders in coaching conversations with teachers with disproportionate failures for Black students in core academic areas.	□Complete □Way of work ⊠Other: Moving to BTG Goal 2
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	1.12) Provide professional development for school leadership teams in using the PCS Graduation Status Report to support interventions for students who are not on track to graduate. (Data includes GPA, credits earned and scores on state graduation assessments).	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work ⊠Other: Replaced by Core Intervention
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	1.13) Develop a learner profile and personalized monitoring plans for all Black students who are not on track to graduate	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	1.14) Provide side-by-side coaching as needed to high school leadership teams, assistant principals and principals on using the Graduation Status Reports to focus support for Black students and review personalized learning plans for students who are not on track to graduate.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Extended learning	1.15) Provide extended learning opportunities before and after school and extended year (Summer Bridge) programs.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	1.16) Ensure equitable representation of Black learners in awards and recognition ceremonies.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	1.17) Ensure student and family conferences with all Black students not on track to graduate to create, review and/or update personalized learning plans.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



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Goal 2: Student Achievement- Eliminate the gap between the proficiency rates in reading (ELA) and mathematics on state and national assessments for Black and non-Black students.

Goal Manager: Dan Evans, Chief Academic Officer

Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16): Pinellas County Schools has a proficiency rate on the Florida Standards Assessment (FSA)¹ for ELA-Reading of 56.4% for non-Black students and 24.2% for Black students, a gap of 32.2 points. The proficiency rate on the FSA for Math is 60.9% for non-Black students and 27.9% for Black students, a 33-point gap. Smaller gaps are found on national norm-referenced tests such as the ACT and SAT. For purposes of this goal, the gap is defined as the difference in performance between Black and non-Black students on state and national norm-referenced assessments.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County will decrease the gap in ELA-Reading and Mathematics proficiency for Black students by an average of 3.2 percentage points each year on state assessments until the gap is eliminated or greatly narrowed.

Annual and Related Outcome Measures

Annual Outcome Measures ELA and Math	Baseline (2015-16) ¹	Planning (2016-:		2017-18 ¹	2018-19 ¹	2019-2012	2020-21 ¹	2021-221	2022-23³
	Black (2,494)	-	(2,654) 25.7%		(2,831) 27.1%	No data	(2,419) 25.6%	(2,428) 25.3%	(2,668) 26.4%
# and % of Black students districtwide scoring Level 3 or above on state FAST ELA/Reading	24.2%	Target	27.4	30.6	33.8	37.0	40.2	42.6	45.8
	Non-Black	Actual	57.7	57.4	59.7	No data	57.8	56.2%	54.6%
	GAP	Actual	32.0	32.8	32.6	No data	32.2	30.9%	28.1%
	Black (2,143)	(2,305) 29.0 %		(2,319) 29.2 %	(2,336) 30.0 %	No data	(2,251) 24.9%	(1,978) 27.8%	(2,242) 33.4%
# and % of Black students districtwide scoring	27.9%	Target	31.1	34.3	37.5	40.7	43.7	46.9	50.1
Level 3 or above on FAST Math	Non-Black	Actual	62.0	62.2	62.8	No data	56.8	60.1%	65.0%
	GAP	Actual	33.0	33.0	32.8	No data in 2019-20	31.9	32.2%	31.6%

¹ Assessment results for this school year reflective of the Florida Standards Assessments (FSA). Starting in the 2022-23 school year, the state transitions to the Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST) assessments.

³ The 2022-23 school year is the baseline school year for the new state Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST) assessments. Provisional scores are linked to an FSA equivalent scale until the FDOE completes B.E.S.T. Assessments Standard Setting and the State Board of Education approves Achievement Level cut scores aligned to the B.E.S.T. Standards.



² State Florida Standards Assessments (FSA) and End-of-Course (EOC) exams were not administered in the 2019-2020 school year as schools statewide were engaged in remote learning from March-June 2020.

Related Outcome Measures ELA and Math	Baseline (2015-16) ¹	Planning (2016-1		2017-18 ¹	2018-19 ¹	2019-2012	2020-21 ¹	2021-22 ¹	2022-234
# and % of Black students in Grades 3-5 scoring Level 3 or above on state FAST ELA-Reading / elementary.	(1,129) 26.5%	Actual	(1,302) 29.5%	(1,191) 27.0%	(1,302) 29.6%	No data	(1,108) 28.9%	(1,209) 31%	(1,231) 33.1%
# and % of Black students in Grades 6-8 scoring Level 3 or above on state FAST ELA-Reading / middle school.	(835) 23.1%	Actual	(859) 23.5%	(811) 22.0%	(970) 25.6%	No data	(791) 22.7%	(752) 21%	(834) 23.8%
# and % of Black students in Grades 9-10 scoring proficient / Level 3 or above on FAST ELA-Reading / high school.	(530) 21.8%	Actual	(493) 22.0%	(531) 24.0%	(559) 24.6%	No data	(520) 24.4%	(467) 22%	(603) 21.1%

⁴ The 2022-23 school year is the baseline school year for the new state Florida Assessment of Student Thinking (FAST) assessments. Provisional scores are linked to an FSA equivalent scale until the FDOE completes B.E.S.T. Assessments Standard Setting and the State Board of Education approves Achievement Level cut scores aligned to the B.E.S.T. Standards.



Goal 2: Key Action Steps

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.1) Provide an instructional model that ensures rigorous, culturally responsive instruction for all students using assignments aligned to challenging state standards, engagement strategies and student-centered practices.	⊠Implementing	% of Black students at or near proficiency on district and state progress monitoring assessments for ELA and math.	% of Black students scoring L3+ on FAST PM3 and End-of- Course Exams (EOCs) for ELA and math.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.2) Provide targeted professional development and coaching to teachers and leaders on responsive strategies to increase engagement in rigorous instruction for Black learners and increase the percentage of proficient students.	⊠Implementing	# of trainings offered specific to high- yield and responsive strategies. # of teacher attendees.	% of Black students earning A, B and C grades / elementary (Grade 5) % of Black students exiting middle school (rising 9th graders) on track for high school (at least a 2.0 GPA and L2+ FAST PM 3 ELA)	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.3) Utilize high-yield instructional strategies in classrooms such as cooperative settings, academic discussion, oral language, writing, explicit vocabulary instruction and monitoring with feedback to increase the percentage of proficient students.	⊠Implementing	# of classrooms observed % of classrooms across the district demonstrating evidence of monitoring for learning with feedback and % demonstrating student-centered learning in evidence.	% of Black students scoring L3+ on FAST PM3 and End-of- Course Exams (EOCs) for ELA and math.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.4) Utilize culturally responsive strategies in classrooms to hold students accountable and increase student self-confidence to include calling on all students by name (opportunities to respond) and providing specific praise.	⊠Implementing	# of classrooms observed % of classrooms across the district demonstrating evidence of students engaging in positive learning environments.	% of Black students scoring L3+ on FAST PM3 and End-of- Course Exams (EOCs) for ELA and math.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems and	2.5) Implement Reading Recovery at targeted schools to increase the	⊠Implementing	# and % of Black students being served by Reading Recovery	# of Black students demonstrating	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Monitoring Processes	number of first-grade learners increasing literacy skills.			increases in foundational reading skills.	□Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	2.6) Implement the Pinellas Early Literacy Initiative (PELI) in high-need schools to increase teacher capacity and the number of students on track for grade-level reading proficiency by 3rd grade.	⊠Implementing	# of schools implementing PELI # teachers trained in the implementation of evidence-based practices at the targeted schools	% of students in PELI schools on track for 3rd grade proficiency. Black, non-Black gap trends in PELI schools.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.7) Implement an accelerated enrichment model for high-need students who are performing at or just below proficiency in reading and pilot the new model in middle schools.		# of schools implementing accelerated enrichment model # of Black students taking part	% of Black students in pilot schools on track for ELA proficiency compared to non-pilot schools.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.8) Implement school day embedded reading tutors in high-need elementary schools (Read Across Pinellas tutoring) to improve foundational literacy skills.	⊠Implementing	# targeted elementary schools # of RAP tutors trained, available to schools	# Black students not yet on grade level who receive embedded tutoring.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.9) Increase the number of Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) students who attend full-day Pre-K program in order to increase kindergarten readiness rates.	⊠Implementing	# of schools with full-day, free VPK	# Black students served in VPK. % of Black students who score KG-ready.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards- Based Instruction	2.10) Implement AVID inquiry-based tutoring (e.g., collaborative study groups) in middle and high schools to improve math and ELA performance and graduation readiness.	⊠Implementing	# of middle and high school schools implementing AVID collaborative study groups.	% Black students earning an A, B or C grade in core math and ELA courses. % of Black students in middle and high schools on track for math and ELA proficiency.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Extended Learning	2.11) Ensure that schools with high minority enrollments provide strategically-focused time during and after school to support academic interventions and flexible instructional delivery.	⊠Implementing	# of schools with high minority enrollments (defined as at least 40% Black enrollment) Development of schoolwide academic intervention and instructional delivery plans at every school.	# and % of Black students who are not on track by school grade band (elementary, middle, high)	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Family and Community Engagement	2.12) Develop a collaborative teacher- student-family "learning lab" model in select schools that includes ongoing student data review and problem-solving, and that engages families in how the school can better support their child(ren).	⊠Planning	# of schools identified for learning lab model.	# participating schools/parent sessions.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Family and Community Engagement	2.13) Develop ES to MS transition program for students and families to offer them personalized support on how to access district choice programs and to plan for successful middle school scheduling.	⊠Planning	Creation of program, outreach provided to families	# and % of schools providing these programs # and % of Black students participating	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Family and Community Engagement	2.14) Partner with families of high-need students to communicate options for additional home practice in reading and math as a way of increasing student fluency (e.g., DreamBox, IXL Math, Istation).	⊠Implementing	Communications sent home to families (calls, texts, emails).	# of logins to PCS Connects/Clever to specific reading and math programs # and % of Black students participating	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 □End-of-Year



Goal 2: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work

As the BTG plan progresses, action steps are completed or become ways of work within Pinellas County Schools. In order to accurately and historically document strategies and actions of the district, actions in previous years of the BTG plan will continue to be included and, in some cases, reported on.

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	2.15) Identify and provide additional culturally relevant books, resources and technology to supplement core instruction representing diverse perspectives as a way to increase student engagement.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	2.16) Implement effective intervention strategies based on the close monitoring of students with personalized learning plans.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	2.17) Provide professional development for school leadership teams in using early warning data to help teachers provide immediate support to students in need. Data to include attendance, discipline, course failures, student progression toward graduation and progress assessments.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	2.18) Implement strategic ELA and mathematics interventions at 23 targeted schools through dedicated ELA and Math staff members (Project 23).Project Discontinued 10/2022 original end date was 05/2023	⊠Complete
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	2.19) Determine possible causes of disengagement and underachievement by Black students and pilot possible solutions via implementation of School Climate Transformation Grant (SCTG) at five district middle schools.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Extended Learning	2.20) Provide extended learning opportunities before and after school and extended year (Summer Bridge) programs.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Extended Learning	2.21) Provide equitable enrichment opportunities for all students across schools, such as STEM (Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics) Academies, academic competitions, arts opportunities and interest clubs.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	2.22) Ensure teachers have access to real-time data specific to Black students in order to have effective data chats and targeted support for improved learning.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	2.23) Ensure Parent University sessions are provided in locations that make attendance convenient for Black families.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	2.24) Empower families by providing parent training that is "linked to student learning" through Parent University sessions and school workshops.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	2.25) Provide professional development to schools on parent engagement strategies that are tied to the Dual Capacity Framework / Dr. Karen Mapp / Harvard.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Family and	2.26) Commission an Anti-Racist Curriculum Review Task Force to examine curriculum from an anti-racist perspective and	⊠Complete
Community	implement recommendations from task force for the coming school year(s).	⊠Way of work
Engagement		,
Family and	2.27) Establish an online, Open Access Extended Learning Program to support students who need to re-learn key skills and	⊠Complete
Community	standards. Engage parents and community to increase access and usage of new program.	⊠Way of work
Engagement		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,



Goal 3: Advanced Coursework- Eliminate the gap in advanced and accelerated participation and performance rates for Black and non-Black students.

Goal Manager: Cassandra Bogatz, Director, Advanced Studies

Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16): Pinellas County Schools has a current participation rate for Black students that ranges from 12.8% in high school honors courses to 9.1% in accelerated courses (8.5% in AP courses and 12.3% in Dual Enrollment as examples) and career programs (CAPE enrollment is 17%). Middle school enrollments follow a similar pattern. The total gap for 2015-16 for all secondary students enrolled in advanced or accelerated courses was 5.9 percentage points and that gap widened slightly for 2016-17 to 6.1 points. The gap for enrollment in Gifted was 14.2 percentage points in 2015-16 and that gap improved slightly for 2016-17 to 14.0 points. There is presently no gap in the total enrollment across the district in application programs, though some gaps do exist in specific programs at certain schools. For purposes of this goal, the gap is defined as the difference between Black and non-Black students in the following areas:

- All students identified and enrolled in gifted (participation rates).
- Secondary students enrolled in advanced or accelerated courses (participation and performance rates).
- All students enrolled in district application programs (participation rates).

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County Schools will increase the percentage of Black students enrolled in gifted, advanced and accelerated courses by an average 1% each year to meet or exceed the percentage enrollment of Black students (18% in 2015-16) and increase the percentage of Black students earning satisfactory performance standards by an average of .5% each year until that percentage meets or exceeds the district or state average. The district will also maintain or increase its current Black enrollment in district application programs (24.1% Black enrollment in 2015-16) across the district and increase its Black enrollment in specific application programs until they all meet or exceed the percentage enrollment of Black students.

Annual and Related Outcome Measures

Annual Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)		Planning Year (2016-17)		2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Grades 6-12: # and % of total Black students in grades 6-12 enrolled in any middle or high	(3,792)	Actual	(3,775) 11.9%	(4,691) 13.7%	(5,269) 14.5%	(5,666) 15.1%	(5,792) 16.3%	(6,908) 17.1%	(9,431) 18.2%
school advanced or accelerated course.	12.1%	Target	13%	14%	15%	16%	17%	18%	19%

Related Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black middle school students	(1,583)	(1,540)	(1,859)	(2,253)	(2,521)	(3,485)	(3,350)	(3,417)
enrolled in an advanced course	12.6%	12.5%	13.3%	14.2%	15.5%	20.1%	20.7%	21.2%

Related Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black middle school students	(443)	(309)	(368)	(378)	(451)	(458)	(610)	(878)
enrolled in an accelerated course (high	8.9%	8.1%	8.3%	8.2%	9.5%	10.1%	12.3%	14.2%
# and % of Black high school students	(2,052)	(2,225)	(2,528)	(2,656)	(2,899)	(3,098)	(3.072)	(4,125)
enrolled in an honors course.	12.3%	12.8%	14.9%	15.3%	15.6%	19.6%	16.1%	17.3%
# and % of Black high school students	(718)	(857)	(996)	(1,020)	(1,335)	(1,505)	(1,892)	(2,218)
enrolled in an accelerated course (AP, IB, AICE or Dual Enrollment).	8.6%	9.1%	9.6%	9.6%	10.9%	11.5%	11.5%	12.8%
# and % of Black students in high school	(2,503)	(2,459)	(2,555)	(2,507)	(2,589)	(2,448)	(2,599)	(2,547)
enrolled in a career, technical education	14.2%	13.8%	13.8%	13.4%	14.0%	13.5%	14.0%	14.3%
course (high schools).	/		20.070	20.176	2	20.070	,	,
# and % of Black students enrolled in	(1,167)	(1,235)	(3,830)	(4,428)	(4,479)	(4,362)	(4,298)	(4,300)
district choice / application programs / total across the district.	6.3%	6.8%	18.9%	18.3%	18.4%	18.2%	18.3%	19.6%
% Black middle school students earning	(663)	(509)	(604)	(408)	(484)	(482)	(853)	(777)
high school credit through accelerated	3.3%	2.5%	3.0%	8.2%	9%	10.3%	11.9%	19.7%
coursework. ⁵	3.370	2.370	3.070	0.270	370	20.570	11.570	251770
% of Black students in high school	No Baseline	Actual						
completing an industry certification	data	31%	23%	16%	15%	15%	14.2%	TBD
(measured as % of Black graduates).	established.							

⁵ Data reviewed for data rules and updated in 2020-21 for all previous years to ensure consistency of reporting.



Goal 3: Key Action Steps

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.1) Provide professional development to increase teacher and school leader supports for student success in advanced courses in middle and high school.	□Planning □Implementing	# of secondary teachers completing AVID PD: Q1 UPDATE: 1540 teachers have completed AVID professional development since 2019 # and % of students (BNB) taking an advanced course who earned a D or F grade in Q1 Q1 UPDATE: Middle School Black 37.1% (1138) NonBlack 24.6% (2820) High School	# and % of students (BNB) taking an advanced course with a D or F grade in Q1, who earned a grade of C or higher at the end of the year (or semester if not a year-long course)	
			Black 45.2% (2068) NonBlack 28.0% (6248)		
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.2) Provide professional development to increase teacher supports for student success in accelerated courses in middle or high school.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# of secondary teachers completing AVID PD: Q1 UPDATE: 1540 teachers have completed AVID professional development since 2019	# and % students (BNB) taking an accelerated course with a D or F grade in Q1, who earned a grade of C or higher at the end of the year (or semester if not a year- long course)	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
			# and % of students (BNB) taking an advanced course with teachers participating		



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
			in PD who earned a D or F grade in Q1 Q1 UPDATE: Middle School Black 26.3% (555) NonBlack 18.9% (1721) High School Black 40.7% (1526) NonBlack 25.9% (4398)		
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.3) Provide Talent Development teachers with ongoing professional development for implementing curriculum and provide schools with annual support in identifying a representative group of students for participation in their Talent Development Program.		# of teachers completing PD Q1 Q1 UPDATE: 65 teachers completed professional development for Talent Development Programs in Q1. # and % of schools who met representation goal Q3	Districtwide demographics of Talent Development Group Q4	⊠Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.4) Provide professional development to increase teacher supports for student success for gifted and talented learners.	□Planning ☑Implementing	# of gifted teachers who completed gifted microcredential. # of talented program teachers who completed gifted certification and/or micro-credential	# and % of Black gifted learners earning a L4/5 on FAST.	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.5) Implement strategies that support increased student success on College Board readiness assessments (PSAT/SAT).	⊠Planning ⊠Implementing	Development of curriculum guides that embed strategies in high	Black student performance on PSAT and SAT suite of assessment as reported	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
			school English and Math classes. # of assessment preparation opportunities/programs for SAT preparation (e.g., Albert IO, Canvas, etc.):	by College Board End-of- Year reports. Note: Official reports are generally issued in fall of each year.	
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.6) Develop system to provide direct and targeted strategies for students in need of support to be successful in advanced/accelerated courses (e.g., AVID elective, extended learning program, tutoring, etc.)	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# and % of students (BNB) enrolled in an ADV/ACC course (D or F grade) who are also enrolled in an AVID elective course.	# and % of students (BNB) enrolled in an ADV/ACC course (A, B, C grades) who are also enrolled in an AVID elective course.	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.7) Leverage the College and Career Centers at each high school, provide information sessions for students and families in high school who demonstrate potential for success in rigorous courses and are not accessing such courses to provide more individualized academics.	□Planning ☑Implementing	# of Black Elevating Excellence students visiting College and Career Centers.	Increased enrollment in rigorous courses among targeted students	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.8) Refine tools provided to school principals with real-time academic data (e.g., grades) specific to Black students in accelerated courses. Provide a summary report of accelerated courses and sections that Black students are struggling in so as to support teacher growth and creative solutions at the school site.	⊠Planning □Implementing	Frequency of data updates provided to school leaders # and % of principals who report the extent to which the provided data and reports have led to actionable insights, changes in teaching strategies and collaborative efforts among educators to address the identified challenges. [Survey]	# and % of Black students with improved grades in the identified struggling sections from Q1 to S1 or EOY	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Extended Learning	3.9) Recruit Black students who show potential for success in rigorous courses to participate in each Elevating Excellence activity for their grade level or	□Planning 図Implementing	# of Black students enrolled to participate in Elevating Excellence	# of Black students who participated in Elevating	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
	college planning boot camps hosted by minority achievement officer.		and/or college boot camps.	# of Black students who participated in Elevating Excellence SAT prep experiences # of Black students who engaged with a College and Career Center # of Black students who participated in a college boot camp	□Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.10) Implement universal screening for gifted identification for all students before 2nd grade across all district elementary schools.	□Planning ☑Implementing	# and % of Black students screened	# and % of Black students identified as gifted	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.11) Implement Plan B eligibility measures and related processes in support of a wider identification of students for gifted services.	□Planning ☑Implementing	# and % of Black students identified via Plan B compared to non-Black students	# and % of Black students identified as gifted	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Extended Learning	3.12) Identify and invite the top 15% of Black students in 7th grade students to take the SAT and participate in the PCS Talent Identification Program (TIP).	□Planning 図Implementing	# of Black students identified for TIP	% of Black students who participated in TIP in- school administration of SAT	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



Goal 3: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work

As the BTG plan progresses, action steps are completed or become ways of work within Pinellas County Schools. In order to accurately and historically document strategies and actions of the district, actions in previous years of the BTG plan will continue to be included and, in some cases, reported on.

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.13) Embed college readiness assessment preparation (e.g., district developed, SATpractice.org, Albert IO, etc.) into English 1, 2 and 3 classes across all district high schools.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.14) Ensure equitable access for Black students to onsite, college readiness testing in every high school (PSAT, ACT, SAT).	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.15) Provide the accelerated component report, related talking points and an Acceleration Plan template to principals and counselors to be used in individual meetings with Black students who have not yet successfully completed an accelerated option.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	3.16) Ensure that each high school hosts an awareness event for high school parents to detail the SAT Suite of Assessments, the official SATpractice.org provided through Khan Academy and the scholarship opportunities connected to PSAT results.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	3.17) Ensure an equitable representation of Black learners in Advanced Studies recognition ceremonies (such as PRIDE, AVID Pinning and the Honors Breakfast).	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.18) Refine the identification process and curriculum of talent-development programs to support "talented" students in elementary schools that have low numbers of gifted-identified students.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.19) Provide training to all school counselors, principals and assistant principals for curriculum in the use of data from the SAT Suite of Assessments to support students in selecting and enrolling in the appropriate accelerated course option that matches their strengths.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.20) Provide side-by-side coaching as needed to assistant principals and principals on how to support their school counselors in using their SAT Suite of Assessments data and academic data disaggregated by race to identify Black students who could take more rigorous classes.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Family and Community Engagement	3.21) Initiate an outreach campaign to gather information and feedback from families of Black students regarding experiences in advanced/accelerated courses to better inform supports and strategies.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems and Monitoring Processes	3.22) Provide AVID elective in all schools to meet the needs of minority learners. Ensure that all Black learners who are eligible and targeted for AVID elective are personally invited and encouraged to enroll.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Academic Rigor and Standards-Based Instruction	3.23) Provide open access to advanced and accelerated courses in middle and high school by removing barriers to enrollment and utilizing entry criteria only if mandated by colleges, agencies (e.g., Dual Enrollment- DE).	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



Goal 4: Student Discipline- Reduce the total number of disciplinary infractions (referrals) and suspensions for Black students and decrease the disparity in referrals and suspensions for Black students to reach a level that is representative of the Black student population.

Goal Manager: Michael Vigue, Area Superintendent, Area 1

Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16): Pinellas County Schools has reduced its number of referrals (a decrease of 30.3%) and out-of-school suspensions (a decrease of 56.7%) for Black students significantly since 2013-14, though the district has not reduced the disparity gap as the number and percentage of referrals and suspensions for non-Black students has decreased at a similar rate. The gap has remained somewhat constant. The gap is typically represented by a "risk ratio" and that number is just over 2.0 for referrals and 4.0 for out-of-school suspensions, which means that Black students remain about two times more likely to receive a referral and four times more likely to receive an out-of-school suspension.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County Schools will decrease the number of referrals and suspensions given to Black students until it meets or is less than the percentage enrollment of Black students (18% in 2015-16) and until the risk ratio is at or near 1.0. The district will closely monitor its out-of-school suspensions given to Black students with a goal of decreasing its disparity rate by one-third (.33) each year.

Annual and Related Outcome Measures

Annual Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannir (2016	_	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20 ⁶	2020-21 ⁷	2021-22	2022-23
Discipline Disparity Rate (Risk Ratio)	2.38	Actual	2.64	2.43	2.60	2.64	2.66	2.25	2.77
Referrals of Black students	2.30	Target	2.30	2.20	2.10	2.00	1.90	1.80	1.70
Discipline Disparity Rate (Risk Ratio)	4.33	Actual	4.07	3.61	3.79	4.34	4.80	4.0	3.94
Out-of-School Suspensions of Black students	4.55	Target	4.00	3.70	3.40	3.10	2.80	2.50	2.20
Related Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannir (2016	_	2017-18	2018-19	2019-204	2020-215	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black students with an office disciplinary referral	(7,009) 35.7% of all referrals	Actual	(6,919) 38.0%	(6,867) 37.6%	(6,548) 38.3%	(5,343) 38.5%	(3,482) 38.9%	(4,941) 36.9%	(5,156) 39.1%
# and % of Black students with an out-of-school suspension (OSS)	(2,918) 49.5% of all OSS	Actual	(2,374) 48.5%	(2,625) 47.2%	(2,481) 47.6%	(1,790) 50.7%	(1,156) 53.4%	(2,156) 49%	(1,271) 47.7%

⁶ In the 2019-20 school year, all instruction went remote for the final quarter of the school year due to COVID-19.

⁷ Data in the 2020-21 school year is impacted by enrollment shifts which occurred in Learning Options (in-person, MyPCS Online and Pinellas Virtual School) throughout the school year.



Goal 4: Key Action Steps

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Progress and Outcome Measure(s) % of schools demonstrating satisfactory implementation of PBIS as measured by the PIC (fall), TFI-RP walkthrough (spring), and PCS Stakeholder survey (winter)			Reporting Frequency
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	4.1) Ensure all schools implement a schoolwide behavior plan that integrates all the critical components of PBIS (schoolwide expectations / rules, guidelines for success, plan for teaching pro-social / appropriate student behavior and positive reinforcement for behavior). Results of fidelity implementation tools are reviewed throughout the year, decisions for summer specific professional development opportunities utilize all three measures. PBIS efforts are addressed by Area superintendents/Chief and climate/behavior team throughout the year.				□ Quarter 1 □ Quarter 2 □ Quarter 3 □ End-of-Year
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.2) Area superintendents/Chief, and climate/behavior teams meet bimonthly to review district and school level referral and OSS data to determine and design support for schools with the highest need.	# and % of discipline instances (referrals and out-of-school suspensions) issued to students (BNB) Q1 UPDATE:			☑ Quarter 1☑ Quarter 2☑ Quarter 3☑ End-of-Year
		SY2023-24 Q1 Referrals	N	%	
		ALL Students	7359	70	
		Black	3406	46.3%	
		NonBlack	3953	53.7%	
		SY2023-24 Q1 OSS	N	%	
		ALL Students	1622		
		Black	856	52.8%	
		NonBlack	766	47.2%	



Tier 1- Schoolwide	
Practices	

4.3) Utilize discipline actions assigned to classroom disruption, not cooperating and defiance infractions. Use data to work with school leadership teams to reduce variance of actions assigned and to reduce gaps between Black and non-Black students within and across schools. Area superintendents/Chief will regularly review accuracy of discipline coding with schools.

and % of referrals (classroom disruption, not cooperating and defiance) issued to students (BNB)

and % of resultant actions for referrals (classroom disruption, not cooperating and defiance) issued to students (BNB)

Q1 UPDATE:

SY2023-24 Q1 Behavioral Referrals	N	%	
All Behavioral Referrals			
ALL Students	2106	28.6%	
Black	1080	51.3%	
NonBlack	1026	48.7%	
SY2023-24 Q1 Behavioral Referrals	N	%	
Non-Exclusionary Resultant Actions			
ALL Students	491		
Black	250	50.9%	
NonBlack	241	49.1%	
SY2023-24 Q1 Behavioral Referrals	N	%	
Detentions/Work Detail/ Saturday S	chool		
ALL Students	261		
Black	107	41.0%	
NonBlack	154	59.0%	
SY2023-24 Q1 Behavioral Referrals	N	%	
ISS			
ALL Students	866		
Black	449	51.8%	
NonBlack	417	48.2%	
SY2023-24 Q1 Behavioral Referrals	N	%	
OSS			
ALL Students	268		
Black	168	62.7%	
NonBlack	100	37.3%	
SY2023-24 Q1 Behavioral Referrals	N	%	
Exclusionary Resultant Actions			ISS + OSS
ALL Students	1134		
Black	617	54.4%	
NonBlack	517	45.6%	

✓ Quarter 1✓ Quarter 2✓ Quarter 3✓ End-of-Year



Tier 1- Schoolwide	4.4) Annually train all School-Based Resource Officers (SROs) and	# of arrests disaggregated by race and gender	☐ Quarter 1
Practices	school-based administrators to ensure full implementation of		☑ Quarter 2
	the Collaborative Interagency Agreement regarding student		☐ Quarter 3
	misconduct, student interviews and student arrests that is		⊠ End-of-Year
	designed to decrease arrests in favor of school consequences.		
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	4.5) Facilitate restorative practice training designed to increase the use of restorative practices as an alternative to other discipline referral actions.	# and % of instances of restorative practice utilized as the resultant action for discipline referrals issued to students (BNB) as compared to previous year	✓ Quarter 1✓ Quarter 2✓ Quarter 3✓ End-of-Year
		Q1 UPDATE:	
		SY2023-24 Q1 Restorative	
		Practices Resultant Actions N %	
		ALL Students 288 3.9%	
		Black 151 52.4%	
		NonBlack 137 47.6%	
Tier 1- Schoolwide	4.6) Continue collaborative discussions with the Community	# of Community Discipline meetings facilitated and	☐ Quarter 1
Practices	Discipline Committee to garner support and feedback to improve	completed	☑ Quarter 2
	and/or reduce discipline disparity practices.	·	☐ Quarter 3
			⊠ End-of-Year
Tier 2- Targeted	4.7) Area superintendents/Chief and climate/behavior teams use a	# of behavioral related support requests and # of follow-up	☑ Quarter 1
Interventions and	discipline analysis process to identify schools and provide	requests separated for each level of impact (individual	☑ Quarter 2☑ Quarter 3
Disciplinary Alternatives	appropriate support and training.	student, individual teacher, or school-wide)	☑ Quarter 3 ☑ End-of-Year
Aiternatives		Q1 UPDATE:	
		Student Request Area One Area Two Area Three Area Four Area TZ Total	
		MTSS: 1 1 0 0 0 2	
		Behavior: 9 11 8 26 16 70 CST/Attendance: 1 19 1 0 4 25	
		Ongoing: 0 10 8 4 2 24	
		Completed: 8 5 0 13 12 38	
		Staff Request Area One Area Two Area Three Area Four Area TZ Total	
		MTSS: 15 3 13 5 9 45	
		Behavior: 28 5 7 13 1 54	
		CST/Attendance: 15 10 14 10 8 57 Ongoing: 13 1 21 7 6 48	
		Completed: 27 6 5 5 11 54	

Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.8) Implement a refined reintegration process with a minimum set of components for all students returning from an OSS.	# and % of students (BNB) to previous year Q1 UPDATE:	✓ Quarter 1✓ Quarter 2✓ Quarter 3✓ End-of-Year			
		SY2023-24 Q1 Students with Multiple OSS	1	N	%	
		ALL Students			70	
				209	50.00/	
		Black		132	63.2%	
		NonBlack		77	36.8%	
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.9) Continue PCS School Climate Project through integration of responsive and empathic practices into existing MTSS and PBIS systems.	referral and OSS as compa	# and % of students in participating schools receiving referral and OSS as compared to non-SCTG schools proportionate to total student populations			☐ Quarter 1 ☑ Quarter 2 ☐ Quarter 3 ☑ End-of-Year
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.10) Provide differentiated supports to school-based teams on the use of interventions as a tiered support for Black students.	# of students (BNB) with more than one referral per quarter in elementary schools or more than five referrals per quarter in secondary schools Q1 UPDATE:			☑ Quarter 1☑ Quarter 2☑ Quarter 3☑ End-of-Year	
		SY2023-24 Q1 Elementary Students with 2+ Referrals	N	%	Grades PK-05	
		ALL Students	215			
		Black	118	54.9%		
		NonBlack	97	45.1%		
		SY2023-24 Q1 MS Students with 6+ Referrals	N	%	Grades 06-08	
		ALL Students	80			
		Black	38	47.5%		
		NonBlack	42	52.5%		
		SY2023-24 Q1 HS with 6+ Referrals	N	%	Grades 09-12	
		ALL Students	61			
		Black	42	68.9%		
		NonBlack	19	31.1%		
Tier 3- Individualized	4.11) Utilize multiple data points to select schools to participate in a					☐ Quarter 1
Support	PBIS reboot training each summer.	# of schools identified to p	articipate	e in sumn	ner PBIS	☑ Quarter 2
	0	reboot				☐ Quarter 3
	Desults of fidelity implementation tools are regioned throughout	10000				☑ End-of-Year
	Results of fidelity implementation tools are reviewed throughout	" 10/ 6 6	CC (D1:5)	1 DE:C		
	the year, decisions for summer specific professional	# and % of referrals and OS		at PBIS re	boot schools	
	development opportunities utilize all three measures. PBIS	as compared to previous y				



efforts are addressed by Area superintendents/Chief and climate/behavior team throughout the year.	

Goal 4: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work

As the BTG plan progresses, action steps are completed or become ways of work within Pinellas County Schools. In order to accurately and historically document strategies and actions of the district, actions in previous years of the BTG plan will continue to be included and, in some cases, reported on.

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	4.15) Develop a Restorative Practices Whole-School Implementation Guide for schools that is rooted in evidenced-based practices and implementation science.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.16) Continue offering an Alternative Placement Program (APP) in middle and high schools as an alternative setting for students to serve a suspension, staffed by certified teachers and counselors.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.17) Develop and implement a uniform framework for schools utilizing the Alternative Bell Schedule (ABS or ABC) as an after-school alternative to suspension in order to maximize learning.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.18) Develop and implement an In-School Suspension (ISS) model that includes a uniform framework and maximizes learning.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 2- Targeted Interventions and Disciplinary Alternatives	4.19) Ensure that Area superintendents/ Chief continue to participate in the Rethink Discipline district webinars and/or related national, professional development opportunities.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.20) Closely monitor district policy that no more than 10 days of Out-of-School Suspension (OSS) are given for one semester for regular education students and no more than 10 days is given for the entire year for ESE students.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.21) Ensure procedure is followed that no elementary students are suspended without consulting with Area Superintendents/Chief.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 3- Individualized Support	4.22) Ensure procedure is followed that no more than 3 days of In-School Suspension (ISS) or OSS is given for any one infraction without approval from Area superintendents/Chief.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Tier 1- Schoolwide Practices	4.23) Closely monitor school discipline data to eliminate Out-of-School Suspension (OSS) for non-violent infractions, such as skipping class/school, missed detentions, excessive tardies, electronic devices, leaving school grounds w/o permission or being in an unauthorized location.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



Goal 5: ESE Identification- Reduce the disparity of Black students being found eligible for Exceptional Student Education (ESE).

Goal Manager: Lynne Mowatt, Executive Director, Exceptional Student Education

Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16): Pinellas County Schools percentage of overall placements for Exceptional Student Education (ESE) is 14%. However, disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in specific disability categories exist; specifically, the number of Black students identified for placement (25%) is not representative of the Black student population at PCS and remains disparate from the number of non-Black students identified. The disproportionality of Black and non-Black students is represented by risk ratios. The disproportionate representation is largely found within the Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD) designation. The risk ratio for overall placement in ESE in the 2015-16 school year was 1.45, which means that Black students were nearly one and a half times as likely to be identified as an ESE student than non-Black students. The risk ratio for EBD eligibility in the 2015-16 school year was 4.20, which means that Black students were four times more likely to be referred for EBD services than non-Black students.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County Schools will reduce all ESE eligibilities for Black students each year until it meets a risk ratio that is at or near 1.0. The district will closely monitor its placements for EBD until the percentage meets or is less than the percentage enrollment of Black students (18% in 2015-16) and the risk ratio drops each year by one-quarter (.25) until the ratio is at or near 1.0.

Annual and Related Outcome Measures

Annual Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Plannin (2016	_	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
Risk Ratio (ESE overall) / Black		Actual	1.45	1.46	1.40	1.43	1.43	1.44	1.48
Nisk Natio (ESE Overally / Black	1.45	Target	1.45	1.40	1.35	1.30	1.25	1.20	1.15
Diale Datio (EDD) / Dlaste	4.20	Actual	3.94	3.84	3.34	3.50	3.64	3.37	3.43
Risk Ratio (EBD) / Black	4.20	Target	3.95	3.70	3.45	3.20	2.95	2.7	2.45
Related Outcomes Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black students eligible for ESE services	(3,618) 25%	Actual	(3,371) 25%	(3,947) 23%	(3,945) 25%	(4,033) 25%	(4,000) 26%	(4,052) 25%	(4,442) 30.5%
# and % of Black students eligible for Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD) identification / Total	(427) 49 %	Actual	(335) 49%	(363) 48%	(300) 46%	(255) 46%	(219) 47%	(187) 44%	(139) 50.2%



Annual Outcome Measures	Baseline (2015-16)	Planning Year (2016-17)		2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of Black students found eligible for Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD) identification / Identified in Pinellas	(20) 47 %	Actual	(14) 50%	(14) 52%	(19) 29%	(5) 29%	(5) 24%	(3) 15.8%	(16) 57.1%
# and % of Black students found eligible for Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD) identification / Transfers into County	(24) 42 %	Actual	(17) 30%	(13) 39%	(9) 35%	(7) 23%	(3) 33%	(9) 32%	(5) 29.4%

Goal 5: Key Action Steps

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
ESE Eligibility Determination	5.1) Appropriately and efficiently identify and evaluate students who may be in need of special education and related services in support of their learning and academic achievement.	□Planning 図Implementing	# of students identified and evaluated	# and % of students (BNB) found eligible for ESE services	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 ⊠Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
ESE Eligibility Determination	5.2) Initiate a records review by the district ESE Department for transfer students who arrive as new students to PCS with an EBD eligibility. Students will receive current IEP services during the time they are being re-evaluated.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# of record reviews completed for Black students who transferred into Pinellas County # of Black transfer students identified for EBD re- evaluation process # of re-evaluations completed for EBD transfer students / Black # of Black transfer students identified for EBD after re- evaluation process	# of Black students transferred into Pinellas County identified as EBD	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
ESE Eligibility Determination	5.3) Provide intensive and intentional early intervening services, using direct resources, to students prior to being identified as having an Emotional Behavioral Disability (EBD), using School Support Requests (SSRs) for behavior.	□Planning 図Implementing	# of school support requests for early intervening services for students under consideration for EBD (BNB)	# of Black students receiving early intervening support # of new EBD eligibilities Identified by PCS (BNB)	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ☑End-of-Year
ESE Eligibility Determination	5.4) Initiate a records review through the Exceptional Student Education (ESE) department and re-evaluation if needed for all Black students who	□Planning 図Implementing	# of Black students identified as EBD in grades 4 and 7 # of record reviews initiated	# of EBD dismissals for Black students	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ☑End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
	are designated as EBD during their fourth and seventh grade years. Additionally, the ESE department will identify students with multiple eligibilities (including EBD) and initiate a records review when applicable.			# of transfers of EBD to a secondary disability for Black students.	
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.5) Continue to provide Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS), including a school behavior technician (for schools without a behavior specialist) onsite at least one day per week, to support students in grades K-12 who are not currently identified as needing special education or related services, but who need additional academic and/or behavioral supports to succeed in school.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# of Black students identified	% of those identified receiving CCEIS support	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.6) Use School Support Requests (SSRs) to determine success of CCEIS interventions.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# of SSR Referrals for evaluation	# of Black students determined eligible for ESE/EBD	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.7) Align resources in the Climate and Behavior teams to focus on Tier 1 behavioral interventions in high minority schools	⊠Planning	# of school visits per quarter # of targeted classroom visits per quarter	# of Black students determined eligible for ESE/EBD	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ☑End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early	5.8) Assign district Board Certified Behavior Analysts to provide intensive support to ESE students and staff in all schools.	□Planning 図Implementing	# of Board-Certified Behavior Analysts	# of Black students served by Board-Certified Behavioral Analysts	□Quarter 1 ⊠Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Intervening Services (CCEIS)					
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.9) Continue to provide targeted and sustainable professional development to school-based behavior specialists that includes the utilization of student specific data and interventions (including cultural components) in each student's positive behavior intervention plan (PBIP), along with side-by-side coaching from district behavior specialists.	□Planning ⊠Implementing	# and % of behavior specialists trained	# of Black students served by school-based specialists	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.10) Provide professional learning opportunities so that school-based Behavior Specialists engage in coursework to become Board-Certified Assistant Behavior Analysts (BCaBA).	⊠ Planning	Narrative of professional development opportunities and process for certification	# of school-based behavior specialists enrolled	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ☑End-of-Year



Goal 5: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work

As the BTG plan progresses, action steps are completed or become ways of work within Pinellas County Schools. In order to accurately and historically document strategies and actions of the district, actions in previous years of the BTG plan will continue to be included and, in some cases, reported on.

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.11) Provide two district behavior specialists to focus on Tier 1 behavioral interventions in high minority schools.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Early Warning Systems, Comprehensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services (CCEIS)	5.12) Use School Support Requests (SSRs) to track intensive student level intervention needs against ESE/EBD eligibility determinations.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



Goal 6: Minority Hiring- Increase the number of Black teachers and administrators to closely mirror the student enrollment by ethnicity.

Goal Manager: Paula Texel, Chief Human Resources Officer

Baseline Condition (as of 2015-16): Pinellas County Schools employs nearly 7,500 teachers, of which approximately 8% are Black. The percentage breakdown of administrators in the district is about 22% Black. For purposes of this goal, the gap is defined as the difference between the number of instructional staff who are Black compared to the population of Black students (which in 2015-16 was 18%). The percentage of Black instructional staff members in 2015-16 was 8.3%, a gap of 9.7 percentage points.

Aspirational Goal: Pinellas County Schools will increase its number of Black teachers by an average of 1% each year until it meets or exceeds the percentage enrollment of Black students (which was 18% in 2015-16) and maintain its current rate of administrative hires to ensure that it meets or exceeds the student enrollment by race.

Annual and Related Outcome Measures

Annual Outcome Measures Baseli (2015/			ing Year 16-17)	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
	(622)		(647) 8.8%	(671) 9.2%	(651) 9.1%	(665) 9.2%	(674) 9.5%	(668) 8.6%	(645) 9.45%
# and % of total instructional positions / Black	8.3%	Target	9%	10%	11%	12%	13%	14%	15%
Related Outcomes Measures	Baseline (2015/16)		ing Year 16-17)	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23
# and % of new instructional hires / Black	No baseline	Actual	11.7%	(110/737) 14.9%	(88/664) 13.3%	(43/450) 9.6%	(56/452) 12.4%	(80/1,036) 7.7%	(75/808) 9.28%
# and % of total administrative positions (combined district-based and school-based) / Black	(83) 21.2%	Actual	(86) 21.5%	(87) 22.0%	(91) 20.6%	(85) 20.3%	(79) 19.3%	(80) 17.02%	(78) 19.21%



Goal 6: Key Action Steps

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Recruitment	6.1) Continue strong partnerships with our state and national colleges and universities including HBCUs (historically Black colleges and universities) and Black Student Organizations to enhance teacher preparation programs to support engaging intern programs and recruit and hire qualified instructional applicants.	⊠Implementing	# partnerships, site visits, meetings, etc. # of HBCUs visited/virtual events attended # of Black student organizations visited/virtual events attended	# of highly qualified Black teachers hired each year # of Black interns engaged each year	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Recruitment	6.2) Conduct and attend ongoing recruitment events in support of broadening the talent pool, to include providing additional information and support for career changers interested in pathways to an instructional position.	⊠Implementing	# of recruitment events	# of candidates hired from recruitment events	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Recruitment	6.3) Continue the EdRising Program, a national program that offers dual enrollment opportunities to work with high schools and staff for students interested in the education profession.	⊠Implementing	# of schools participating	# of students participating (BNB)	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Recruitment	6.4) Review traffic and usage patterns from the platforms used as part of the district's marketing campaign designed to attract Black applicants via publications and social media (e.g., Diversity in Ed, National Minority Update, LinkedIn Instagram, Facebook, etc.)	⊠Implementing	# of instructional recruitment posts # of instructional recruitment posts to minority organizations # of instructional recruitment events	# of total active instructional Black applicants # and % of black applicants hired	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
Recruitment/ Retention	6.5) Collaborate with PABSE (Pinellas Alliance of Black School Educators) and community stakeholder groups to support Black teachers through monthly or quarterly activities providing relationship and skill building opportunities.	⊠Implementing	# of events conducted, Attendance records from each activity Percentage of Black teachers attending monthly/quarterly activities	% of Black teachers retained	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Recruitment	6.6) Collaborate with USF to grow the Call Me Mister (CMM) program and identify/recruit Black males to become part of future cohorts.	⊠Implementing	# of CMM events with USF # of CMM recruitment events	# of cohorts # of participants	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Retention	6.7) Hold employee resource group meetings to bring together Black teachers for support outside the school setting.	☑ Implementing	Attendance records from each employee resource group meeting Average attendance rate of Black teachers at employee resource group meetings	Retention rate of Black teachers who are active participants in ERG meetings	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Retention	6.8) Continue monthly leadership trainings/mentoring for new Black administrators to support their growth and development in the first year of the administrative role.	⊠Implementing	# of events conducted # of attendees at each event	# and % of first-year Black administrators rated Effective or Highly Effective (Summative Rating)	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Retention	6.9) Provide recruitment and retention bonuses in the district-identified schools (Tiers 3 and 4) to attract and retain highly effective teachers.	⊠Implementing	# of teachers receiving bonus, by school (prior SY) (BNB)	# of teachers receiving bonuses who were retained at the identified schools (current SY) (BNB)	□Quarter 1 □Quarter 2 □Quarter 3 □End-of-Year
Leadership Development	6.10) Engage Black leaders in regularly scheduled leadership	⊠Implementing	# of events held	# and % of Black leaders	□Quarter 1 ☑Quarter 2



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status	Progress Measure(s)	Outcome Measure	Reporting Frequency
	activities and events that will build their leadership portfolio and support their advancement as part of the leadership development pipeline.		# of participants attending each event		□Quarter 3 ⊠End-of-Year
Hiring/Recruiting	6.11) Complete an internal, semi- annual review of the practices and processes around the recruiting and hiring of minority teachers to determine areas of strength and areas for improvement within the district's Human Resources Department.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work	Annual report of findings.	# of total active Black instructional applicants # and % of Black applicants hired	⊠End-of-Year

Goal 6: Previous Action Steps and Current Ways of Work

As the BTG plan progresses, action steps are completed or become ways of work within Pinellas County Schools. In order to accurately and historically document strategies and actions of the district, actions in previous years of the BTG plan will continue to be included and, in some cases, reported on.

Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Hiring/Recruiting	6.12) Attend webinars, virtual meetings, state and/or national conferences to gather current strategies for the recruitment of Black educators.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Leadership Development	6.13) Research strategies and best practices for advancing Black school leaders into school and district leadership positions.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.14) Promote alternative certification options to increase the number of applicants from businesses and industries who are considering teaching as a second career.	☑Complete ☑Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.15) Review the district's current data management system to ensure that it has the capacity to support the strategies and processes presented in this plan.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.16) Create a new Teacher Cadet program at all PCS high schools. Work alongside local colleges to provide high school students and current staff employees with a pathway to careers in teaching.	□Complete □Way of work ⊠Rewritten to align with strategy in place for EdRising (see new 6.3)
Hiring/Recruiting	6.17) Continue to employ a minority recruitment specialist to focus on recruiting a highly qualified, diverse workforce.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.18) Refine and update annually a recruitment plan specific to attracting Black applicants to be used by hiring managers in the district.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.19) Partner with the Urban Schools Human Capital Academy to provide feedback to the district regarding processes for hiring and supporting a more diverse workforce.	⊠Complete □Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.20) Complete an internal, semi-annual process to review the quality of and retention of teachers in critical shortage areas to determine areas of strength and areas for improvement and complete a school-by-school analysis to ensure an adequate distribution of minority teachers across the district.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Hiring/Recruiting	6.21) Develop and implement a training plan for all hiring managers that focuses on shifting mindset and implementation strategies for hiring related to recognizing unconscious bias, equity and excellence and cultural responsiveness.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work
Retention/Support	6.22) Ensure that professional development is targeted to support teacher needs so as to build their skillsets and confidence as educators.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



Area of Focus	Action Steps	Action Status
Retention/Support	6.23) Conduct ongoing feedback sessions with our current Black teachers to discuss their current work / school conditions for success, as well as their onboarding and training (e.g., focus groups, school visits).	□Complete □Way of work
		⊠Rewritten to align with strategy (see new 6.13)
Retention/Support	6.24) Continue current leadership pipeline programs to support and attract the top talent into administrative positions.	⊠Complete ⊠Way of work



Appendix- Key Terms and Definitions

Term	Data Definitions	Data Rules
Gap	The disproportionality of outcomes related to Black students as compared to the performance of non-Black students.	The gaps for each goal are explained as sub-definitions under each goal. For purposes of this document, the 2015-16 school year is considered the baseline year for setting the district's aspirational goals. 2016-17 is considered the first year of implementation.
Black	All students and employees who are "Black" under the federal race definition, which is defined in Pinellas County as the Local Ethnic Code. This definition is consistent with state and national reporting rules around race. The reporting of a student as "Black" is determined by the parent during the school registration process or by the employee via the hiring process.	The district no longer uses what was termed the "Bradley race variable" that some previous data documents utilized. This race variable was discontinued in 2016-17 as a way of creating a consistent definition around race matched to the federal and state reporting rules. It is important to note that data accuracy around race is dependent upon the accuracy of self-reporting.
Non-Black	All students or employees who are not "Black" under the federal race definition, which is defined in Pinellas County as the Local Ethnic Code. This definition is consistent with state and national reporting rules around race. The reporting of a student as "non-Black" is determined by the parent during the school registration process or by the employee via the hiring process.	The district provides data on all races per the Local Ethnic Code definition. It is important to note that data accuracy around race is dependent upon the accuracy of self-reporting.
Graduation Rate	The percentage of high school students from each four-year cohort who graduate with a standard high school diploma per the state's definition, which includes all withdrawal codes (WD) that result in a standard high school diploma.	The district provides data on all withdrawal codes (WD) as a way of reporting students who graduated with a standard high school diploma, the routes they took in receiving their diplomas as well as accounting for students who did not graduate. Withdrawal codes include: W06 (pass the state assessment), WFT (use of concordant score) and WFW (ESE waiver).
Academic Achievement	The annual performance of students on reading (now called English, Language Arts or ELA) and math standardized assessments. For purposes of this document, the state's Florida Standards Assessment (FSA) is used as well as other nationally recognized normed assessments.	Though the district does review and provide data regarding other achievement factors (such as GPA), the gap for purposes of this section of the document refers to the gap in performance on standardized assessments.
Advanced Coursework	Advanced and accelerated courses and programs that are designed to provide more rigorous academic opportunities for students. For purposes of this document, this includes student enrollment in gifted in elementary and middle schools, and Advanced, Honors and Accelerated (such Dual Enrollment and Advanced Placement courses) courses in middle and high schools. This also includes student enrollments in district application / choice programs.	Data include gifted in elementary school, gifted, advanced and high school-level courses in middle school, and honors, Dual Enrollment, AP, IB and AICE courses in high school. IB and AICE program enrollments are also included as part of the district's monitoring of application / choice programs.
Participation in Advanced Coursework	Participation refers to the total enrollment of Black students in courses (see above) and / or attendance in activities (such as STEM programs) as outlined within this document. The goals for participation are defined as meeting or exceeding the percentage enrollment of Black students across the district (which in 2015-16 was 18%).	To be clear, participation per this document is defined as the percentage of Black students taking part in rigorous classes or programs as compared to their non-Black peers. As a caution, this does not mean that 18% of Black students should be enrolled in advanced courses but it does mean that at least 18% of those students enrolled in advanced courses are Black.



Term	Data Definitions	Data Rules
Performance in Advanced Coursework	Performance refers to the percentage of Black students earning satisfactory course credit (such as college credit in DE or AP) or earning an industry certification. The performance of Black students should mirror the performance of non-Black students.	Measuring performance of students in accelerated courses such as AP should be made with some caution as the district is committed to challenging students to take more rigorous courses and that sometimes results in higher participation rates and, at least initially, with lower performance rates. The district has outlined plans to provide students with the assistance and support needed to succeed in these more challenging classes.
Disciplinary Referral	An office disciplinary referral received by a student and processed at the school per the district's Code of Student Conduct.	Data are pulled for both the total number of referrals and total number of students who received a referral, typically titled "unique referrals" or "unique students" receiving a referral. Though the gap is defined by race, data are pulled also by gender and type of infraction as a way of monitoring progress and interventions.
Disciplinary Suspension	A consequence issued as a result of an office disciplinary referral that results in a student being removed temporarily from the campus. This is commonly referred to as "out-of-school suspension."	Data are pulled for both total number of suspensions and total number of students who received a suspension, typically titled "unique suspensions" or "unique students" receiving a suspension. Though the gap is defined by race, data are pulled also by gender and type of infraction as a way of monitoring progress and interventions.
Arrest	A consequence issued by law enforcement agencies and not issued by a school administrator as an arrest is not a school consequence as outlined in the district's Code of Student Conduct.	Arrests are recorded for purposes of this document as a "school-related arrest" when the following conditions are met: the offense is perpetrated by a student and the offense happens on school grounds. For example, a student might be arrested at school for an incident that occurred in the neighborhood, and, in that case, the arrest is not counted as a school-related arrest.
ESE / EBD	The percentage of students identified and staffed for Exceptional Student Education Services. One such designation that is tracked per this document are those students in need of significant behavioral support under the heading of Emotional Behavioral Disabilities (EBD).	For purposes of this document, students with a 504 Plan are not included.
Risk Ratio	A data point that represents the likelihood that a member of one group would incur a consequence as compared to other subgroups or as compared to all other students.	Formula: Subgroup Risk ÷ Non-Subgroup Risk # black students suspended ÷ total # of black students # non - black students suspended ÷ total # of non - black students
Minority Hiring	The total number and percentage of instructional and administrative positions with the goal of increasing staff diversity by meeting or exceeding the total enrollment of Black students across the district (defined in 2015-16 as 18%).	The data for this document are pulled only for instructional and administrative positions and not for related staff positions that are non-instructional. As such, the gaps referred to herein are intended to impact the diversity of the teaching and administrative staffs.

